



EGGCASE HUNT ACTIVITY

Egg case facts!

Egg case appearance!

Small spotted catshark:

Capsule length: 5-7cm

Curly tendrils at each end

Species fact- This is the egg case of our most common shark species!

Thornback ray:

Capsule length: 6-7 cm

Fat, square shaped capsule

1cm keel either side of capsule

Species fact- Females can lay up to 160 egg per year, between March- October!



Undulate Ray:

Capsule length: 7-8cm

Small fringe & additional fibres present along

the side

Species fact- These skates get their name from the undulating movement their wings make when swimming!



Small eyed Ray:

Capsule length: 7-8cm

Capsule tapered from top to bottom

Very long horns

Species fact- This species gets its name from its consciously small eyes!



Bullhuss:

Capsule length: 8-10cm

Curly tendrils at each end

Species fact- This species feed on shrimp, crabs and

small fish on the seabed.



Spotted Ray:

Capsule length: 5-6cm

Widest across the middle

Species fact- This species has a lot of dark spots on their back that do not reach the tips of their wings!



Cuckoo Ray:

Capsule length: 5-6cm

The top horns are very long and curved (If they are not broken)

Species fact- Cuckoo rays are very easy to identify with two large eye spots on their wings!



Blonde Ray:

Capsule length: 10-12 cm

Horns often broken and confused with Flapper skate

Species fact- Blonde rays have prickly spines and dark spots all over their backs that extend all the way to the edge of its wings!



Flapper Skate:

Capsule length: 15-20cm

Ragged ends

Species fact- This is the largest skate species in the world, growing up to 3m in length!

